

# ZNODE AWS INSTALLATION GUIDE

April 2016



# **ZnodeMultifront Installation on AWS**

## **Prerequisites**

- Open http://aws.amazon.com, and then click Sign Up.
- Follow the on-screen instructions given in the below document.

http://docs.aws.amazon.com/gettingstarted/latest/wah/getting-started-prereq.html

## Required software:

- 1. SQL Server 2008 R2
- 2. .Net Framework 4.5
- 3. IIS 7.5
- 4. Microsoft report viewer 2010

Note: To install the IIS and .Net framework please refer Step 4 in the below document. http://docs.aws.amazon.com/gettingstarted/latest/wah/getting-started-deploy-app.html

# Installation Steps:

- 1. Download the Installer from Znode.com
- 2. Run the Installer
- 3. Create the Database from the Znode\_Multifront\_Database.sql script.
- 4. Update the ZnodeMultifront Domain Name in the ZnodeDomain table
- 5. Update Znode. Engine. Admin and Znode. Engine. ApiWeb. config
- 6. Update Znode.Engine.MvcDemoWeb.config
- 7. Update Znode Background Service Config and install.
- 8. Build the projects
- 9. IIS Setup



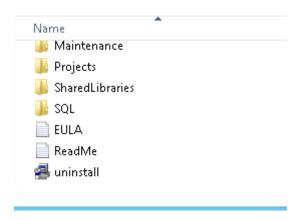


## 2. Run ZNodeMultifront Installer

1. Download the installer file and double click.

NOTE: Be sure to select a desired location for Znode, it is recommended that you **do not** put Znode in the Program Files folder. We will reference this directory as \$InstallationDirectorythroughout this document.

2. Follow the prompts.



**Projects Folder** contains all projects and libraries associated with the Multifront Solution: Znode.Engine.Admin – Project associated with running the Merchant Admin Dashboard Znode.Engine.MvcDemo –Project associated with running the Front End U/I of the demo site. Znode.Engine.API – Project associated with running the Znode API

**SQL** contains the script for creation of the ZnodeMultifront database.

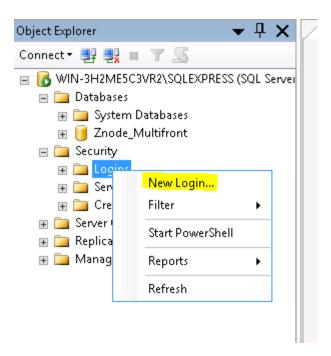




In order to render the ZnodeMultifront site, the ZnodeMultifront database must be created.

You can find the database creation script under the \$InstallationDirectory\SQL folder.

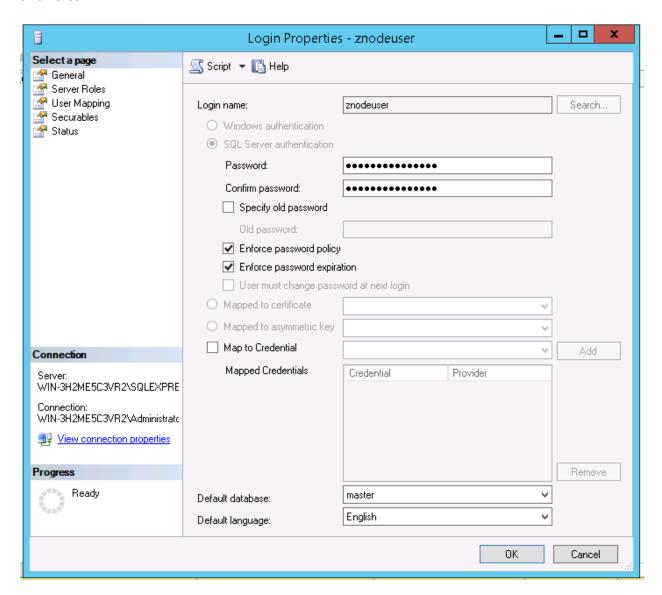
- 1.Open Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio. (IMPORTANT: Always run SQL Server as admin)
- 2. Run the znode\_multifront\_database.sql script (found in the SQL folder). This will create a new database called **znode\_multifront**. You can change the name of the database prior to running the script, but you will need to update the remaining config files manually.
- 3. Create a SQL Login. Default web.config settings will use userid = znodeuser with password = p@ssw0rd in their connection string. (Note that you can create a different SQL login or use windows authentication --- in those cases you need to update the web.config appropriately).
- 4. Open Security folder and Right click the Logins folder and select New Login. This is optional you can also use existing znodeuserdbo user.



- 5. Enter Login name in the Login name field.
- 6. Select the SQL Server Authentication radio button.

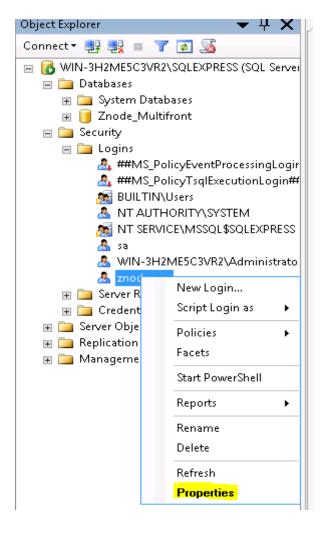


- 7. Enter the password associated with your SQL username in the Password field and enter it again in the Confirm Password field.
- 8. Click OK. Important: Assign DBO permissions to the login for the database for both schema and roles.



9. Right---click your new znodeuser login ID and select Properties.





- 10. Select User Mapping in the upper left, and then select the znode multifront database.
- 11. Scroll to and check the db owner role membership in the lower---right panel.
- 12. Confirm Public is already checked (it should be check by default). If it's not, check the box now.
- 13. Click OK.

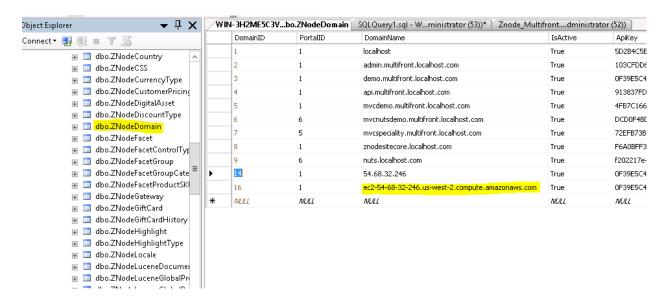




In order to render the Znode/Multifront site, the Domain Name associated to your Multifront instance needs to be added to the Znode Domain table. (This is the Domain name of your website) This will be required for all stores. Only follow these steps if yourwebsite name is different from default websites.

## To update Domain name in the Domain table:

- 1. Open SQL Server.
- 2. Go to the ZnodeDomain table in znode multifront database
- 3. Add Newdomain name For Example: ec2-54-68-32-246.us-west-2.compute.amazonaws.com



# 5. Update Admin and API Web.configs

Update connection string and Lucene Index file location in below projects web.config files

- 1. Znode.Engine.Admin -path is \Projects\Znode.Engine.Admin\Web.config
- 2. Znode.Engine.API path is \Projects\Znode.Engine.Api\Web.config
- 3. Znode.Engine.Demo path is \Projects\Znode.Engine.Demo\Web.config Example of connection string is given below

```
<connectionStrings>
<add name="ZNodeECommerceDB" connectionString="Data Source=localhost;Initial
Catalog=znode_multifront;user id=YourUserId;password=YourPassword" />
</connectionStrings>
```



Default Lucene Index file location and LuceneIndexReaderKey is given below. Below entry needs to match in all configs

```
<add key="LuceneIndexLocation" value="C:\LuceneData" /><add key="LuceneIndexReaderKey" value="Ajgsfdj342343kdksjsjncmflfl" />
```

# 6. Update MVCDemoWeb.configs

1. Update following in appSettings section of Znode. Engine. MVCDemo/web.config

```
<add key="ZnodeApiRootUri" value="http://api.multifront.localhost.com" />
<add key="ZnodeApiUriItemSeparator" value="," />
<add key="ZnodeApiUriKeyValueSeparator" value="~" />
<!--Store Domain and Key : key=DomainName and Value=ApiKey-->
<add key="mvcdemo.multifront.localhost.com" value="4FB7C166-AF0F-43A2-A02AEFB14D5ADAFF"
/>
<add key="mvcnutsdemo.multifront.localhost" value="DCD0F4BD-1E83-455B-A845-4632C3EE27C8" />
<add key="store.multifront.localhost.com" value="a940eed6-5fd8-4970-9ecefdff029e4ab8"
/>
```

Note: api.multifront.localhost.com is the default domain name of Znode API. Make sure it matches API domain name and API Key that has been configured in the ZNodeDomain database table.

# 7. Znode Background Service Installation

This is a Windows service that must be installed and running in order for the Lucene search index to be updated and maintained. The name of the executable is Znode.BackgroundService.exe and shows up in Service Manager as "Znode Background Service". Each web server will have its own copy installed and running.

- 1. Open command prompt. (Start->Run->cmd)
- Enter the following command to build Znode. Engine. Task

```
C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework\v4.0.30319\msbuild "$InstallationDirectory%\Projects\Znode.Engine.tasks\Znode.Engine.tasks.csproj"
```

- 3. Create a directory e.g. (C:\BackgroundService) where the BackgroundService files will be deployed.
- 4. Copy all files from \$InstallationDirectory\Projects\Znode.Engine.Task\bin\Debug to C:\BackgroundService



- 5. Copy all files from \$InstallationDirectory\SharedLibaries\BackgroundServiceto C:\BackgroundService NOTE: Installing the Background service from different locations will allow you to rebuild the project in the future without running into errors with the background service dll(s) being in use.
- 6. Open Znode.Background.Service.exe config in a text editor with the below sections updated:

```
<Znode.Engine.Tasks.Lucene>
<LogFoldervalue="C:\BackgroundService\Logs" />
<TransactionLogFilevalue="C:\BackgroundService\Logs\_transaction.log" />
<LuceneIndexLocationvalue="C:\LuceneData" />
<LuceneIndexIntervalvalue="30" />
<LuceneIndexReaderKeyvalue="913837FD-36F5-4B88-85A7-651E9976A775" />
<LuceneIndexReaderUrl
value="http://api.multifront.localhost.com/search/reloadindex" />
<OnStartWaitTimevalue="10" />
<ServerNamevalue="SERVER_NAME" />
</Znode.Engine.Tasks.Lucene>
```

- a. LogFolder---> Location of log file
- b. TransactionLogFile---> Location of Transaction logs
- C. Lucene IndexLocation---> Location of Lucene Index file

**NOTE :---** Make sure this location is same which has been provided in other web.config files (section 5).

d. LuceneIndexReaderUrl--->

Provide Same LuceneIndexLocation.

- WebForms (http://demo.multifront.localhost.com/UpdateLuceneReader.aspx)
- MVC (http://api.multifront.localhost.com/search/reloadindex)
- e. ServerName--->This is the name of the server where the Lucene background task is running
- 7. Update App Setting Section

```
<appSettings>
<add key="EnableWhatDoIHave" value="false" />
<add key="EnableDebugLog" value="true" />
<add key="DebugLogFile"
value="C:\BackgroundService\Logs\_debug.log" />
<add key="LuceneIndexLocation" value="C:\LuceneData" />
</appSettings>
```





8. Update Connection string

- 9. Znode.Background.Service.Install.bat is a file that will install the service and reference the location of the Znode.Background.Service.exe. Verify binPath is pointing to Znode.Background.Service.exe
  - e.g. (binPath= "C:\BackgroundService\Znode.BackgroundService.exe")
- 10. To run the batch script, right---click on the Znode.BackgroundService.Install.bat file and select Run as administrator.

## 8. Build Applications

## To compile/build application:

Please update the highlighted path with your installer location

- 1. Open command prompt. (Start->Run->cmd)
- 2. Enter the following command to build Znode. Engine. Admin

C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework\v4.0.30319\msbuild "C:\Installer\Znode Multifront Enterprise Projects\Znode.Engine.Admin\Znode.Engine.Admin.csproj"

NOTE: If you face the following error while building the project "v11.0\WebApplications\Microsoft.WebApplication.targets was not found"

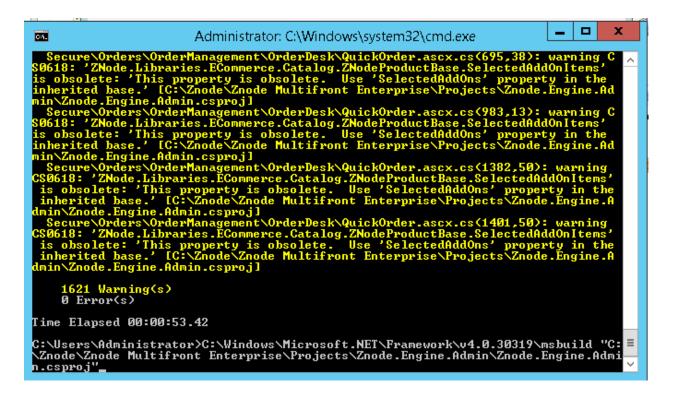
Then you can resolve the issue by Copying the following folder from your dev machine to your build server

C:\Program Files (x86)\MSBuild\Microsoft\VisualStudio\v11.0\WebApplications

3. After successful build, enter the following command to build Znode.Engine.MvcDemo C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework\v4.0.30319\msbuild "C:\Installer\Znode Multifront Enterprise\Projects\Znode.Engine.MvcDemo\Znode.Engine.Mvcdemo.csproj"



- 4. After successful build, enter the following command to build Znode.Engine.Api C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework\v4.0.30319\msbuild "C:\Installer\Znode Multifront Enterprise\Projects\Znode.Engine.Api\Znode.Engine.Api\Znode.Engine.Api
- 5. After successful build, enter the following command to build Znode.Engine. Demo C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework\v4.0.30319\msbuild "C:\Installer\Znode Multifront Enterprise\Projects\Znode.Engine.Demo\Znode.Engine.Demo.csproj"



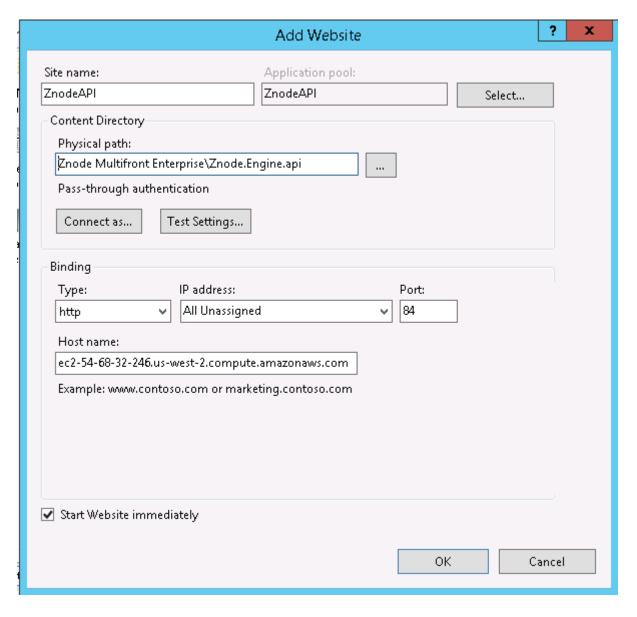
# 9. IIS Setup

## To begin the configuration of Znode.Engine.Api:

- 1. Open IIS and select Sites.
- 2. Right click and click Add Web Site and enter the Sitename, select the physical path as (\Projects\Znode.Engine.Api) and enter the host name as follows:

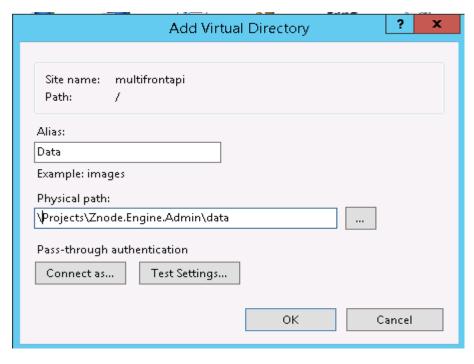
  Note: Make sure Host name is the same as Domain name for the API given in ZnodeDomainTable and provided in MvcDemoweb.config file





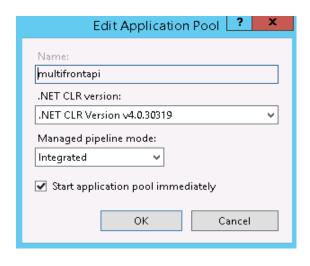
- 3. Click Ok, A new website is created in IIS. To give the permissions, select the site, right click and select Edit
- 4. Give Permissions for NETWORK SERVICE and IIS\_USR.
- 5. Right click on API Website and Add Virtual Directory and point that virtual directory to Projects/Znode.Engine.Admin/data folder as shown in below screenshot.





- 6. Make an entry in the host file for API configuration.
  - Hosts file is located at (C:\Windows\System32\drivers\etc\hosts)
  - Create an entry for the API URL (i.e. 127.0.0.1 ec2-54-68-32-246.us-west-2.compute.amazonaws.com)
- 7. Update the .Net Version to ".Net CLR version v4.0.30319" in your App pool

Open IIS Server->Application Pool->Select your AppPool->Basic Settings



8.Restart IIS.





# MVC Site, Web Form and Site admin Set up

ZnodeMultifront provides several projects to allow control in flexibility to how the solution will be deployed in IIS. As such, your deployment steps by include changes such as binding, websites, applications, and application pools. These steps are intended as a generic guideline for running the solution in IIS, either in production, staging, or development machine.

## Each project must be built or published before deploying.

## Follow same steps for all websites

- 1. Open IIS Manager (inetmgr.exe)
- 2. Right Click "Sites"
  - a) "Add Website" a. Site name: Name of the website that will be displayed in IIS.
  - b) Physical Path: Will be one of the following for 3 different sites
    - (1) Znode.Engine.Admin
    - (2) Znode.Engine.MvcDemo
    - (3) Znode.Engine.Demo
  - c) Host name: Will be the domains being used for stores. These should match up with domains in the Znode Domain table of the ZnodeMultifront database.
  - d) Physical path should point to the appropriate solution i. MVC Websites = Znode.Engine.MvcDemo ii. Admin Dashboard = Znode.Engine.Admin iii. Web Form Website = Znode.Engine.Demo.

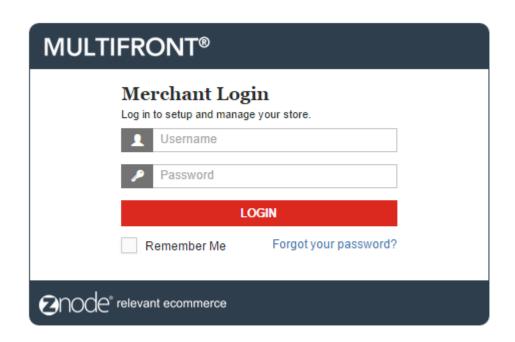
# Verify the Deployment of Multifront

After creating the database and updating the corresponding web.configfiles, set each of the following as Startup Projects and debug to confirm the website will load:

- Znode.Engine.Admin
- Znode.Engine.MvcDemo
- Znode.Engine.API

Note: Default username/password for Site Admin is admin/admin











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Home API

#### **API Overview**

The Znode API is organized around REST and is designed to have predictable, resource-oriented URLs and to use HTTP response codes to indicate API errors. The API uses built-in HTTP features — such as headers, methods, and status codes — which can be understood by any off-the-shelf HTTP client. The Znode API only supports requests and responses in JSON format.

#### **Authentication**

The Znode API supports authentication by looking for the following values in the request header:

- . Znode-DomainName: This is the domain for the store whose data will be retrieved during the request.
- . Znode-DomainKey: This is the API key for the domain, as found in the ZNodeDomain table in the Multifront database

Having these two values in the header also sets the context for the request. Meaning, if you set the Znode-DomainName header value as "www.mysite1.com", then all data retrieved during the request will be for the store related to that domain.

All requests to the Znode API require that **both** header values exist in the request; if either one doesn't exist, the request will fail. Also, if the Znode-DomainKey value doesn't match the one associated with the Znode-DomainName, the request will fail. If either of these two scenarios cause the request to fail, the response will immediately return with the following information:

- · HTTP status code: 403 Forbidden
- · HTTP status description: Domain name and key are either incorrect or missing from the reaquest header.

#### **Disabling Authentication**

Authentication can be disabled by setting ValidateDomainHeaders to false in the <appSettings> section of the API's web.config file. However, in most cases, this value should be set to true in production environments.

<add key="ValidateDomainHeaders" value="true" />

#### **During Development**

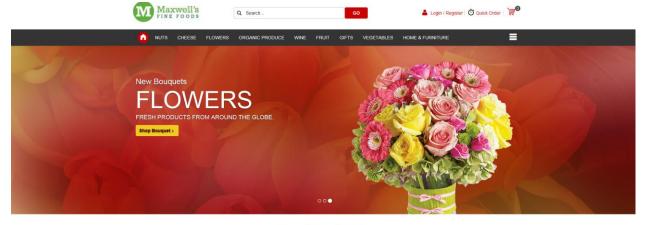
When developing a client that uses the Znode API, it will be useful at times to open endpoints in a browser in order to see data. To ensure this is possible, you need to add an entry in the ZNodeDomain table for the domain of the API itself. In this case, simply disabling authentication will have no affect.

For example, if you have the API deployed locally at "api.localhost.com", you should add an entry in the ZNodeDomain table where the DomainName field is "api.localhost.com" with the relevant portal ID. This will be the context for retrieving data when viewing endpoints in a browser.

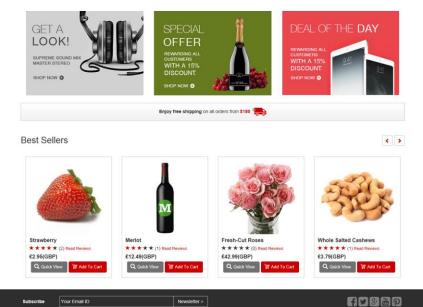
IMPORTANT: This should be for development purposes only.



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#### Our Special Offers of the Month









## **Email Settings**

- 1. Go to Setup->Stores
- 2. Click on Manage for the specific store.
- 3. Goto SMTP tab and click Edit
- 4. Enter the following settings in Edit SMPT settings. Your SMTP details will be found in Console->SES

# Using SMTP to Send Email with Amazon SES

You can send email through Amazon SES by using a variety of SMTP-enabled programming languages an

To send email using SMTP, you will need to know the following:

Server Name: email-smtp.us-west-2.amazonaws.com

Port: 25, 465 or 587

Use Transport Layer Security (TLS): Yes

Authentication: Your SMTP credentials - see below.

To send email through Amazon SES using SMTP, you must create SMTP credentials. SMTP credent Amazon SES SMTP endpoint. You can use the same set of SMTP credentials for all regions in which Amazon SES SMTP endpoint.

To obtain your SMTP credentials, click the button below. For more information about SMTP credentials, cl

#### **Create My SMTP Credentials**

**Note:** Your SMTP user name and password are not the same as your AWS access key ID and secret acceagainst the SMTP endpoint. For more information about credential types, click here.

#### Edit SMTP Settings for - Fine Foods

SMTP Settings	
SMTP Port	
SMTP Server	
SMTP Server User Name	
SMTP Server Password	
Enable SSL for SMTP	
	SUBMIT CANCEL

5. Please make sure you have verified the email id in Verified sender section of SES.





# Add Port Numbers to your Website (For testing)

To add a port to the exceptions list

- 1) Open Windows Firewall.
- 2) Click the Exceptions tab, and then click Add Port.
- 3) In Name, type a name for the port exception. This name will appear in the exceptions list.
- 4) In Port number, type the number of the port that you want to add to the exceptions list.
- 5) Click either TCP or UDP, depending on the type of traffic, and then click OK.





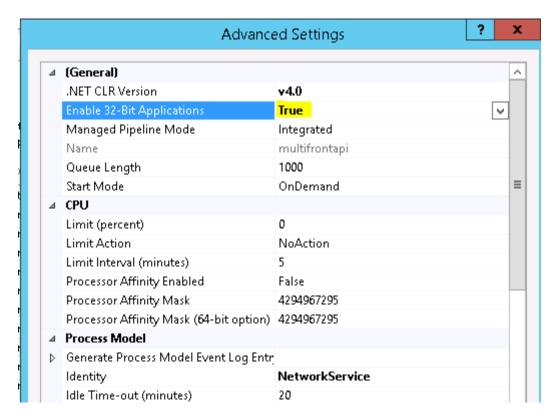
• If you are facing the below error or you are facing an issue in **Reports** 

Could not load file or assembly 'Microsoft.SqlServer.Types, Version=11.0.0.0, Culture=neutral, PublicKeyToken=89845dcd8080cc91' or one of its dependencies. The system cannot find the file specified.

then you can resolve the issue by Copying the following folder from your dev machine to your build server

C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Merge Modules

• If you are facing issue in API runtime then update the following in your IIS Apppool







# Allow apps to communicate through Windows Firewall

To add, change, or remove allowed apps and ports, click Change settings.

What are the risks of allowing an app to communicate?

Change settings

Allowed apps and features:			
Name	Private	Public	^
☐ iSCSI Service			
☐ Key Management Service			
☐ Netlogon Service			
☐ Network Discovery			
☐ Performance Logs and Alerts			
✓ Port 81-84	✓	✓	≡
✓ Remote Desktop	✓	✓	
Remote Event Log Management			
Remote Event Monitor			
☐ Remote Scheduled Tasks Management			
☐ Remote Service Management			
☐ Remote Shutdown			~
	Details	Remov	e

Allow another app...

